**Class Notes from November 20, 2021**

* Completed the following as a review:
  + Guten Morgen. Mein Name ist ... Wie geht es dir?
    - Response: Guten Morgen. Mein Name ist ..... Mir geht es gut. Und dir?
  + Ich bin müde. – I am tired
* discussed vocabulary for describing Marital Status
  + verheiratet – married
  + ledig – single
  + verwitwet – widowed
  + geschieden – divorced
  + verlobt – engaged
  + Ich habe ein Freund – I have a boyfriend
  + Ich habe eine Freundin. – I have a girlfriend
* We then began Chapter 2
  + went over and listened to the dialogue on pages 22 – 23
    - Wie geht’s? – How goes it?
    - Woher kommst du? – where do you come from?
    - Wo lebst du in Kanada? – where do you live in Canada?
    - die Hauptstadt – capital city
    - Hast du auch Pause? – do you also have a break?
* wohnen versus leben – both mean to live
  + wohnen = short term, or in reference to your apartment or house, city
  + leben = long term, or in reference to being physically alive, or when referencing your country/city
  + we conjugated the verbs wohnen and leben
    - leben – to live
      * ich lebe
      * du lebst
      * er/sie/es lebt
      * wir leben
      * ihr lebt
      * sie/Sie leben
    - wohnen – to live
      * ich wohne
      * du wohnst
      * er/sie/es wohnt
      * wir wohnen
      * ihr wohnt
      * sie/Sie wohnen
* We then discussed how to say ‘my’ in German (it has to agree with the noun following it. If the noun following is female/feminine then the mein needs an ‘e’)
  + Mein – my for mas/neu
  + Meine – my for fem/plural
* we then discussed how to say ‘your’ in German
  + two ways: formally Ihr(e) , informally dein(e)
  + dein – your informally for mas/neu
  + deine – your informally for fem/plural
  + Ihr – your formally for mas/neu
  + Ihre – your formally for fem/plural
* More vocab from the dialogue:
  + - die Hauptstadt – the capital city
    - Mein Vater heiβt Richard. – My dad’s name is Richard.
    - Wie heiβt deine Mutter? – What’s your mom’s name?
    - Meine Mutter heiβt Amy. – My mom’s name is Amy.
    - Wie heiβt er denn? – What is his name?
    - Hast du auch Geschwister? – Do you also have siblings?
    - Ich habe keine Geschwister. – I do not have any siblings.
    - Meine Eltern sind geschieden. – My parents are divorced.
    - Verstehst du? – Do you understand? (comes from verstehen – to understand)
    - Ich verstehe. – I understand.
    - Ich verstehe es nicht. – I do not understand.
    - Los! – Let’s go!
* we then completed number 3 on page 23
* we completed A1, A2 and A3 on page 24
* new vocab heard in recording for B1 page 25:
  + Sie haben eine nette Enkelin. – You (formally) have a nice granddaughter.
  + Das war meine Frau. – That was my wife.
  + Das ist Ihr Sohn. – That is your (formal) son.
* we then completed B2 and B3 page 25
  + we wrote a name on the board and practiced guessing who it is
  + Friedhelm
    - Wer ist das? – Who is that?
    - Ist das …Ihr Onkel? – Is that your uncle?
    - Ja, das ist mein Onkel. – Yes, that is my uncle.
  + Barbara
    - Ist das Ihre Mutter? – Is that your (formal) mother?
    - Ist das Ihre Kusine? – Is that your female cousin?
    - Ist das Ihre Tante? – Is that your aunt?
    - Ist das Ihre Groβmutter? – Is that your grandmother?
    - Ja, das ist meine Oma. – Yes, that is my grandma.
* we then completed C1 on page 26
  + verb conjugations, look for the subjects to determine the correct conjugation
  + Laras Vater – Lara’s father can be replaced with he which is ‘er’ in German therefore the correct verb conjugation is lebt (er lebt – he lives)
* **HOMEWORK:** 
  + **Complete Arbeitsbuch chapter 2 (workbook portion) pages 19, 20, 21.**
  + **practicing asking someone (or your reflection) how they are doing by using “Wie geht es dir/Ihnen?”**
  + **review material covered in class so far**
* **NEXT CLASS: we will be finishing Chapter 2**